

Maths – End of Year 5 Expectations

New National Curriculum Objectives

Number and Place Value	interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero
	count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
	read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
	read Roman numerals to 1 000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.
	round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1 000, 10 000 and 100 000
	round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
	solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
Addition and Subtraction	add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
	add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods
	use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
	solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
Multiplication and Division	multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
	multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
	multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
	divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
	identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers.
	know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers: establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
	recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation
	solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
	solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
	solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates
Fractions	recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
	compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
	read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
	round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number
	recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements
Decimals / Percentages	identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
	read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. 0.71 = $\frac{71}{100}$)
	recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
	recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to “number of parts per hundred”, and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 as a decimal fraction
	multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
	solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places
	solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalence
Algebra	use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles

Measurement and Time	calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units and estimate the area of irregular shapes
	estimate volume (e.g)using 1 cm blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water)
	use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling.
	measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
	calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units
	solve problems involving converting between units of time
	convert between different units of metric measure
	solve problems involving converting between units of time
Geometry Shape and Position	understand and use equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
	identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
	draw given angles, and measure them in degrees
	use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
	distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles
	know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
Statistics	Identify angles at a point and on a straight line
	identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed
	complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables
	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph